Understanding Concussion

Illustrations by: David Lasky Written by: Silas James and Ayla Jacob



PURING A SOCCER GAME PAN WAS HIT IN THE HEAP BY ONE OF HIS OPPONENT'S ELBOWS. HE WAS KNOCKEP OUT...



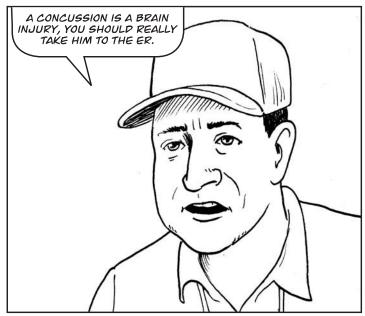




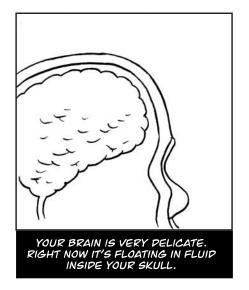


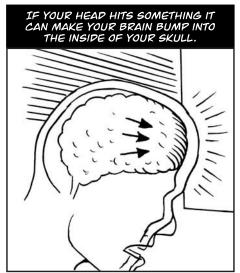


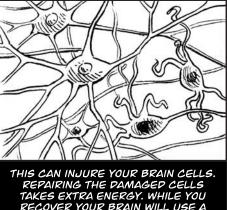




WHAT A CONCUSSION DOES TO THE BRAIN...







THIS CAN INJURE YOUR BRAIN CELLS.
REPAIRING THE PAMAGEP CELLS
TAKES EXTRA ENERGY. WHILE YOU
RECOVER YOUR BRAIN WILL USE A
LOT OF ITS ENERGY TO REPAIR ITSELF,
MEANING YOU WON'T HAVE ALL THE
ENERGY YOU'RE USEP TO HAVING FOR
OTHER THINGS.





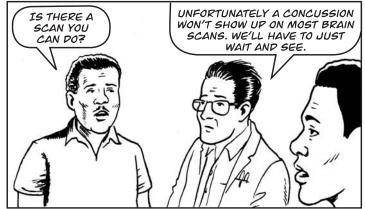




A CONCUSSION CAN CHANGE THE WAY YOU FEEL PHYSICALLY, YOU CAN EXPERIENCE:

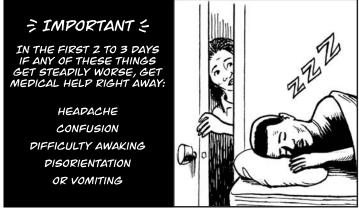
- HEADACHE
- ~ BLURRED VISION
- ~ DIZZINESS
- ~ RINGING IN EARS
- ~ SEEING STARS
- NAUSEA/VOMITING
- ~ NUMBNESS/TINGLING
- LIGHT OR SOUND SENSITIVITY
- ~ DISORIENTATION





BACK AT HOME ...







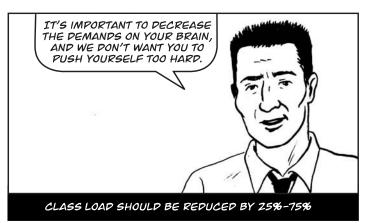






RETURNING TO SCHOOL ...

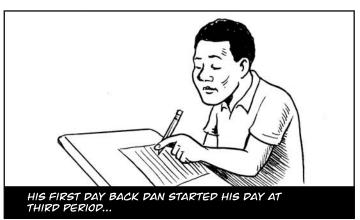






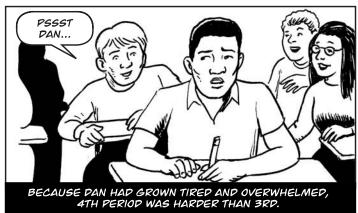




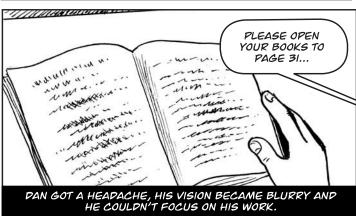
















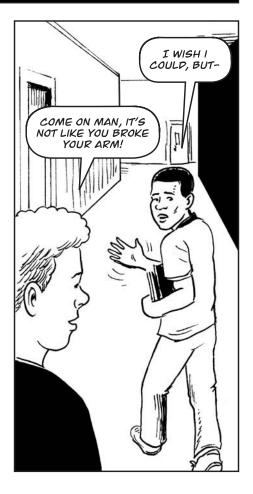


A CONCUSSION CAN CAUSE CHANGES IN YOUR THINKING, FOR EXAMPLE:

- FEELING LIKE YOU'RE IN A MENTAL FOG
- ~ SLOWED THINKING
- TROUBLE WITH MEMORY
- DIFFICULTY STAYING FOCUSED
- SPEAKING SLOWER
- CONFUSION





















A CONCUSSION CAN CAUSE CHANGES IN YOUR EMOTIONS, FOR EXAMPLE:

- ~ EMOTIONS THAT DON'T MATCH THE SITUATION
- ARE MORE INTENSE THAN USUAL
- IRRITABILITY OR SADNESS
- BEING NERVOUS OR ANXIOUS
- FEELING LESS MOTIVATED.



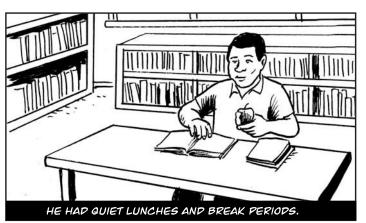


MAKING PROGRESS ...

PURING THE NEXT SEVERAL PAYS PAN KEPT PRACTICING SELF-CARE. HE LEARNED NOT TO FIGHT HIS SYMPTOMS AND TO HAVE A SHORT REST WHEN HE WAS TIRED. IF HE WAS POING SOMETHING THAT OVERLOADED HIM MENTALLY, HE TOOK A BREAK. HE ASKED FOR HELP WHEN HE WAS HAVING TROUBLE.

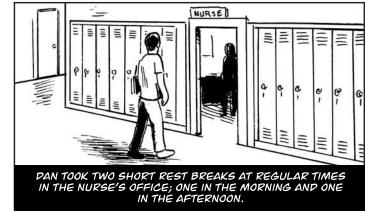






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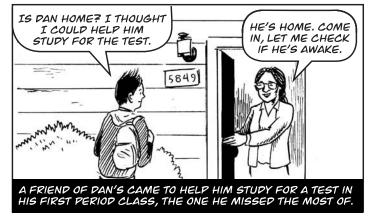






























RETURNING TO PLAY ...





















IMPORTANT TAKEAWAYS FROM THIS COMIC

- 1.) If you have a concussion, get medical attention right away.
- **2.)** You'll **need more rest while you're recovering**; this is normal.
- 3.) Steadily increase your activity but be sure to give yourself a break when you start feeling tired. **Don't push yourself.**
- **4.)** Make a **plan for your recovery** with your doctors, teachers, and coaches.
- **5.)** There are a lot of symptoms that a concussion can cause. These **symptoms could be physical, mental, emotional,** or a combination of these.
- **6.)** Your brain will be using more of its energy to recover. Try to focus on only one thing at a time.
- 7.) Cut down or stop your screen time. Screens give you a lot of information at once and it can be exhausting for your brain while it's recovering.
- **8.)** It can be helpful to **find an adult you can talk to** about what you're going through. This could be a school counselor, nurse, coach, parent, or anyone else who you trust.
- **9.) Don't be afraid to ask for help** from your teachers, coaches, parents, and friends. No one knows what you're experiencing except for you.
- 10.) After your doctor clears you for physical activity, work with your coach or P.E. teacher to return to play.

Want to learn more about concussions and other types of traumatic brain injury (TBI)? Here are more resources:

See more InfoComics about TBI - http://comics.tbi.washington.edu/

The Brain Injury Alliance of Washington has a lot of resources on their page about concussions: http://www.biawa.org/concussion.php

Read the R.E.A.P. Manual, it gives a clear description of the role each person involved (teachers, coaches, doctors, and parents) plays at each stage of concussion recovery. http://REAPconcussion.com/

Get Schooled on Concussions offers a variety of information about returning to school after a concussion: http://www.getschooledonconcussions.com/

The Center for Disease Control's "Project Heads Up" provides information about concussions for a number of different audiences: https://www.cdc.gov/headsup

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Name

Date of injury_

How often to use this survey: In the 1st week take this survey at least once a day. In the 2^{nd} week take it at least 3 times. In the 3^{rd} week take it at least 2 times. Continue until you have no symptoms.

What to do: There are 2 columns for each time you take this survey. At the top, in the 1st of the 2 columns, write the date and time. Below write one number 0-6, for how much you're having the symptom at the left (the key is at the bottom of this page). The 2nd column is shaded. Write what you were doing, before taking this survey, there.

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I feel like I'm going to faint	3								
I'm having trouble balancing	2								
	2								
It feels like the room is spinning									
	0]							
	0	[00]							
	5	ecp							
I feel sick to my stomach	3	10							
	2 D	i Vi							
The light bothers my eyes	3	esc							
I have pressure in my head	4	J 10							
I feel numbness or tingling	\ -) g '							
	3	red							
I have trouble falling asleep	200	ЭM							
I feel like sleeping too much	5	oųs							
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I have trouble concentrating	4	.6કા							
I have trouble remembering	4	iq a							
I have trouble following directions	5	ate							
My thinking feels foggy	9	ʻdn							
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I have trouble learning new things	5	7							
	4								
	5								
	4								
I feel irritable or grouchy	5								

0 - Not at All / 1- Slight / 2 - Mild / 3 - Significant / 4 - Severe / 5 - Very Severe / 6 - Extreme

SOURCE

Portions of this InfoComic were adapted from the R.E.A.P. Manual (Remove/Reduce, Educate, Adjust/Accommodate, Pace). The R.E.A.P. approach of concussion management was developed to be a Community-Based Multi-Disciplinary model. The R.E.A.P. Manual was written by Karen McAvoy, PsyD.

The Symptom Checklist attached as the last page of this InfoComic was adapted from the R.E.A.P. Symptom Checklist.

AUTHORSHIP AND ILLUSTRATION

 ${\bf Silas\ James\ and\ Ayla\ Jacob\ wrote\ this\ InfoComic\ and\ it\ was\ illustrated\ by\ David\ Lasky.}$

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Please send any feedback or questions about this InfoComic to tbicomic@uw.edu











