

Step 1 - Online Curriculum Includes:

A. Spasticity Overview

- 1. Muscle Overactivity Syndromes: Definition and Pathophysiology
 - Define muscle overactivity syndromes
 - Distinguish between spasticity and other muscle overactivity
 - Describe the pathophysiology of the upper motor neuron syndrome
 - Describe incidence and impact (positive and negative) of spasticity in neurologic diseases
- Spasticity and Other Movement Disorders: Comparison of Spinal and Cerebral Origin Spasticity
 - Define spasticity
 - Compare and contrast spasticity and other movement disorders
 - Explain the differences between spinal and cerebral origin spasticity
- 3. Spasticity Co-morbidities
 - Describe other organ systems spasticity may affect
 - Appreciate the instances spasticity may be beneficial
 - o Understand consequences suboptimally treated spasticity can have
- 4. Effects of Spasticity on Muscle Extracellular Matrix (ECM) in Adults and Pediatrics
 - Define extracellular matrix in relation to muscle histology
 - Understand how extracellular matrix differs in patients with spasticity
 - Learn how ultrasound imaging can detect abnormal muscle in patients with spasticity
- Impact of Spasticity on Growth and Development Cerebral Palsy as a Clinical Construct
 - Describe impact of spasticity on growth, development, function and quality of life and care givers

B. Spasticity Assessment

- 1. Measuring Spasticity
 - Review the Modified Ashworth Scale
 - Understand the performance of the Tardieu Scale
 - Review the performance of goniometric measures
 - Understand their role in spasticity treatments
- Functional Evaluation and Treatment of Muscle Overactivity
 - Explain an approach to classifying problems associated with the Upper Motor Neuron Syndrome (UMNS)



- Describe 3 different scales that may be used in the assessment of patients with UMNS
- Discuss 3 elements to consider in setting treatment goals
- 3. Goal Setting for Management of the UMNS with Case Scenarios
 - Identify 3 sources of information when determining a patient's goals for spasticity management
 - Describe 3 variables that should be considered in determining the appropriateness of goals for treating spasticity
 - Describe 3 elements on the physical examination that can help in the identification of meaningful and appropriate goals

C. Common Patterns in Spasticity and Dystonia

- 1. Common Clinical Patterns of Spastic Limbs and Cervical Dystonia
 - o Identify muscles related to usual spastic patterns of upper limb
 - o Identify muscles related to usual spastic patterns of lower limb
 - o Recognize the common patterns of cervical dystonia including involved muscles

D. Treatment Options and Considerations

- 1. Adult and Pediatric Limb Spasticity Management
 - Describe systemic interventions to manage spasticity
 - Review surgical interventions for spasticity management
 - Differentiate spasticity from contracture

E. Intrathecal Baclofen Therapy

- 1. Identify Candidates for Intrathecal Baclofen Therapy
 - Appreciate the role of ITB therapy in the treatment of spasticity
 - Outline an appropriate selection process for ITB therapy
 - Differentiate between the absolute and relative contraindications for ITB pump therapy
- 2. Preparation for ITB Screening Test
 - Understand indications for ITB screening tests
 - Know how to prepare for a screening test
 - Be able to decide if oral medications should be weaned prior to a screening test



- 3. Executing an Intrathecal Baclofen Test Dose
 - Review the technique for executing a intrathecal baclofen test dose via lumbar puncture with two localization techniques
 - Visual / palpation guidance
 - Fluoroscopic guidance
- 4. Bleeding and Infections: Guidelines for Intrathecal Management
 - Describe the appropriate antimicrobial prophlaxis measures for intrathecal drug delivery procedures
 - Describe the appropriate approach to anticoaugualants relative to intrathecal drug delivery procedures
- 5. Intrathecal Baclofen Dosing and Long-Term Maintenance
 - Discuss initiation of ITB therapy and dose titration
 - Review routine management and monitoring of patients with ITB pumps
 - Discuss management of patients with suboptimal response to ITB therapy
- 6. Intrathecal Baclofen Management
 - Perform successful access of intrathecal baclofen pump Reservoir Port
 - o Perform successful access of intrathecal baclofen pump Catheter Access Port
 - o Perform reservoir port access with ultrasound guidance
 - o Prepare intrathecal baclofen solutions
- 7. Executing a Pump Refill with Ultrasound Guidance
 - o Describe a technique for using ultrasound guidance for refilling intrathecal pumps
 - Recognize the potential utility of using ultrasound in the management of intrathecal therapy systems
- 8. Management of Intrathecal Baclofen Withdrawal and Overdose
 - Recognize symptoms of and causes of ITB withdrawal and overdose
 - Describe management of intrathecal baclofen withdrawal
 - Describe management of intrathecal baclofen overdose
- 9. Imaging Intrathecal Delivery Systems
 - Describe the various imaging techniques used during the management of intrathecal delivery systems
- The Utility of Electrodiagnostic Studies in the Management of Intrathecal Delivery Systems
 - Describe the potential utility of electrodiagnostic testing in the management of intrathecal baclofen therapy
- 11. Interpreting Laboratory Data Relative to Intrathecal Baclofen Therapy Management
 - Review the interpretation of laboratory data relative to management of intrathecal baclofen therapy



- 12. Off Label Discussions for Intrathecal Baclofen Therapy
 - Review various off-label procedures relative to intrathecal baclofen therapy
- 13. Flex and Bolus Dose Programming
 - Perform intrathecal baclofen programming including complex programming, and bridge / priming bolus delivery for the most common intrathecal delivery system

F. Nerve and Motor Point Blocks

- 1. Diagnostic Nerve Blocks
 - Describe the mechanism of action of a diagnostic nerve block
 - o Review the properties of blocking agents commonly used for spasticity
 - Identify the role of the procedure in the context of a comprehensive spasticity management program
- 2. Phenol and Ethanol Blocks
 - Compare phenol and ethanol
 - Identify indications, advantages, contraindications & potential adverse events of phenol & ethanol blocks
 - o Describe the neurolysis/motor point block technique
- 3. Phenol and Alcohol Blocks in Adults and Children
 - Discuss mechanism of phenol and alcohol
 - Explain how to get consent for alcohol and phenol blocks
 - Review injection techniques with nerve stimulator and ultrasonography guided injections
- 4. Motor Point Blocks
 - Discuss localization of muscle groups in the lower limb
 - o Discuss technical considerations in the performance of motor point blocks
 - Understand the use of stimulation in motor point localization

G. Botulinum Toxin Injections

- 1. Botulinum Toxin Mechanism of Action and Injection Preparation
 - Know the MOA of BoNT
 - Know the steps in performing BoNT injections
 - Know how to prep/reconstitute BoNTs
 - o Describe the indications, benefits, risks, and potential adverse events of BoNT



All About Botulinum

- Understand the differences in the botulinum toxins
- Understand the differences in dosing the different toxins
- Identify which muscles and dosing are on-label or off-label for each toxin for pediatrics and adults
- 3. Use of Botulinum Toxin in Pediatric Hypertonia
 - Identify which muscles and dosing are on-label and off label for Botulinum toxin (BoNT) for pediatric use
 - Discuss indications and goals for BoNT in Cerebral Palsy (CP)
- 4. Guidance Techniques for Neurotoxin Injections
 - Learn different types of guidance techniques for neurotoxin injections
 - Learn the benefits and limitations of each method
- 5. Ultrasound Guided Botulinum Toxin Injections for Focal, Task Specific Lower Limb Dystonia Demo Video
- 6. Ultrasound Guided Botulinum Toxin Injections for Post Stroke Dystonia/Spasticity Demo Video
- 7. Ultrasound Guided Botulinum Toxin Injections for Dystonia Associated with Cerebral Palsy Demo Video
- 8. Ultrasound Guided Botulinum Toxin Injections for Task Specific Focal Hand Dystonia Demo Video
- 9. Demonstration of Ultrasound Guided In-Plane Injections Demo Video
- 10. Causes for Secondary Non-Response
 - Define non-response
 - Know how to assess for non-response
 - Recognize the most common reasons for non-response
- 11. Use of EMG for Localization of Gastrocnemius Demo Video
- 12. Electrical Stimulation Demo Video
- 13. Evaluating Non-response to Treatment with Botulinum Toxin
 - Differentiate primary non-response from secondary non-response
 - o Identify at least four causes of primary non-response or treatment failure
 - o Discuss the evaluation when secondary non-response is suspected
- 14. Safety Considerations for Botulinum Toxin Injections
 - Identify 2 major contraindications to toxin
 - Describe risk factors for inadvertent spread
 - Review special considerations in patients on anticoagulation and antiplatelet therapy



H. Surgical Management for Spasticity

- 1. What Can Orthopedics Do for Your Patients?
 - Learn how Orthopedic Surgery can Treat or be an adjunct to treatment of spasticity
 - Identify specific pathologies that can benefit from surgery
 - Know when referral is recommended
- 2. Neuro-Orthopaedics: Surgical Treatment of Spastic Limb Deformities
 - Identify orthopedic surgical options for spasticity management including tendon lengthening, tendon transfers, contracture release, tenotomy
 - Describe the risks and benefits of all surgical options

I. Spasticity Practice Management

- 1. Intrathecal Baclofen (ITB) Therapy: Practice Management
 - Review the practice management issues relative to intrathecal baclofen therapy
 - Understand the costs of intrathecal medications
 - o Understand the difference between branded and compounded intrathecal drugs
- 2. Understanding the Costs of Toxins and Other Neurolytics
 - o Review the cost of the various toxins used for spasticity management
 - Review the cost of other neurolytics
 - o Understand possible costs associated with various methods of guidance
- 3. Practice Management in Academic Medicine
 - Understand the cost of toxins and other neurolytic agents.
 - o Ensure you are being paid in the academic setting.
 - Do the right thing for your patient.
- 4. Coding for Interventional Spasticity
 - Understand the required documentation and proper coding for procedures relating to targeted drug delivery, chemo-denervation and chemical neurolysis
 - Discuss medication preparation for neurotoxins
- 5. Practice Management
 - Become familiar with considerations in treating a "spasticity" patient population
 - Understand the financial considerations associated with different "sites of service"
 - Understand the clinical impact of financial considerations
- 6. Marketing Yourself as a Spasticity Expert



- 7. Managing and Growing a Spasticity Practice
 - o Discuss creating effective documentation systems relevant to spasticity treatment
 - Review methods for regulating clinic appointments to optimize spasticity control and avoid potential for ITB withdrawal
 - Discuss the various options for obtaining pharmaceuticals utilized in spasticity treatment
 - Review emergency and on-call protocols for a spasticity practice

J. Emerging Techniques for Managing Spasticity

- 1. Dry Needling for Spasticity Management
 - Learn what is dry needling and its possible effects on spastic muscles
 - Become familiar with current literature on spasticity management
 - Understand its potential role in practice
- 2. Combining Spasticity Interventions
 - Describe the different spasticity interventions
 - Understand the role of combining spasticity interventions for improved outcomes
- 3. Combined Use of Phenol and Botulinum Toxin (BoNT) for Spasticity Management
 - Understand differences between botulinum toxin and phenol treatment
 - Know the need and advantages of combined use of BoNT and phenol treatment
 - o Know the common practice pattern of the combined treatment
- 4. Emerging and Alternative Spasticity Treatments
 - Become familiar with the types of emerging spasticity treatments
 - Understand current literature on different spasticity treatments
 - To be cautious with their applications, particularly the safety issues